

GA Plen/I/2

| SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION: | The human right to a clean, healthy and sustainable en- vironment |
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SUBMITTED TO: The General Assembly Plenary (Concurrent)

The General Assembly Plenary (Concurrent),

Noting the importance of advancements in achieving the goals outlined in the United Nations
 Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and the Paris Agreement,

3 Reaffirming that all human rights are universal, indivisible, interdependent and interrelated, ,

Reminding the international community of each Member State's human right to a clean, healthy and sustainable environment, as noted in resolution 76/300,

Highlighting innovative technologies in the clean energy sector that increase the capacity for
 Member States to provide healthy and sustainable resources, such as but not limited to harnessing
 tidal energy in our oceans through buoy models, offshore wind power, and solar energy,

Acknowledging that, due to various geographic and economic advantages, different Member
 States are more or less suited to particular forms of clean energy production, including hydroelectric,
 wind and solar power,

12 Gravely concerned that 220 million peoples are internally displaced and that an additional 20 13 million peoples are internationally displaced each year, approximately a 41 percent increase from 2008,

Acknowledging the shift from fossil fuels and reducing the strain on energy and water resources
 used by all Member states, including the Green Climate Fund and resources mobilized by the Economic
 and Social Council, to support developing countries in achieving their energy transition goals,

Recognizing that the achievement of sustainable development in clean energy is a critical component of achieving Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), particularly Goal 3 (Good Health and Wellbeing), Goal 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy), Goal 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities) and Goal 13 (Climate Action),

1. *Calls upon* the United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) to consider broadening the purview of the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe's (UNECE) Committee on Sustainable Energy beyond a regional level and become a global body which provides support to Member States to develop innovative, renewable energy infrastructure and provides expertise on cleaner electricity systems;

2. *Recommends* the utilization of the 1.4 trillion dollars noted in the 2024 Energy Compacts An-27 nual Progress Reports from Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) under the Paris Agreement, by 28 the Economic and Social Council in 2024 to support current United Nations institutions for collabora-29 tion in providing technical assistance, knowledge sharing and financial resources to support capacity-30 building initiatives, particularly in developing as well as further developed island Member States;

31 3. *Further recommends* the implementation of regional resource centers at the consent of en-32 gaged Member States, with the contribution of technology and personnel overseen by the United Na-33 tions Environment Programme (UNEP) allowing:

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(a) Investigation of best practices of each region to allocate the appropriate resources;

(b) The United Nations University Institute for Environment and Human Security to provide the opportunity for the regional centers to receive global oversight;

- (c) Collaboration with United Nations Country Teams to advise on each Member State's
 regional capacity;
- 4. *Invites* the expansion of the Mandate of the United Nations Special Rapporteur on Human Rights and Environment to include the following:
- 41 (a) Investigative powers regarding violations of the human right to a clean, healthy and 42 sustainable environment;
 - (b) Access to a list of known environmental human rights violations;
- 44 (c) The authority to establish regional environmental human rights reviews;

5. *Calls upon* States to provide incentives for sustainable partnership with private corporations that work within their borders by:

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(a) Awarding incentives using a tiered system based on their net carbon emissions;

(b) Using aforementioned State NDCs resulting from the Paris Agreement to support development of renewable energy resources in developing States;

- 50 (c) Developing and expanding solar, wind, tidal and hydropower systems into develop-51 ing States to provide a head start to renewable energy within these Member States using the funds;
- (d) This fund should be overseen by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)
 to ensure no misuse of funds;

6. *Requests* the United Nations Refugee Agency to expand the definition of the term 'refugee' to include those who have already been impacted by climate change negatively;

7. *Recommends* the establishment of a special protocol to provide temporary protective status for individuals and families that are forcibly displaced by climate impact and that Member States prioritize their rights, protection and resettlement according to the standards of international human rights.

Passed, Yes: 65 / No: 8 / Abstain: 14